

Epreuve d'Anglais Economique

- I. Fill in the gaps with the most convenient items selected from the list below. NB:
Write the numbers and answers only.

General partner – shareholders – partnership – shares – directors – public limited company – limited liability – reputation – nominal – limited partnership – transferred – running – capital – silent partner – sole trader – joint stock company.

1. The provides the capital alone to set up his business.
2. A partner invests in the business but takes no part in it.
3. Shares in the private company can't be without the consent of the
4. All the shareholders in a enjoy a limited liability.
5. The capital of a joint stock company is divided into
6. A least one should have unlimited liabilities and face the debts in a
7. Firms only profit by the partner's social position and good
8. is meant to say that the investor's responsibility does not exceed his financial contribution.
9. Not more than twenty members can form a
10. Not less than seven Could form a

- II. Select the most suitable item to fill in each gap.

NB: Use numbers and letters only.

- 1) Importers and exporters are basically engaged in (a- overseas trade; b- retailing; c- home trade; d- wholesaling)
- 2) The direct exchange of one article for another is referred to as (a- direct service; b- tangible exchange; c- barter ; d- business)
- 3) The minimum number of shareholders in a private limited company is (a- seven; b- twenty; c- two; d- fifty)

- 4) A sole trader can expand his / her business by: (a- selling goods by cash only; b- turning it into a partnership ; c- giving credit to reliable customers; d- diversifying) his / her articles.
- 5) A person who contributes money to the capital of a corporation is called: (a- a capitalist; b- a shareholder; c- an advertiser; d- a middleman)
- 6) The business unit in which all the members enjoy a limited liability is (a- limited partnership; b- joint stock company; c- general partnership; d- sole proprietorship).
- 7) The turning of raw materials into finished goods is (a- production; b- labor; c- manufacturing ; d- industrialization)
- 8) The place where raw materials are turned into finished goods is (a- factory; b- warehouse; c- shelves; d- land)

III. Complete these sentences with the suitable question tags and just write down the numbers and your answers after them.

- 1- I am quite sure that everybody will succeed in this exam;
- 2- Don't ever cheat during an examination;
- 3- Laypeople hardly understand specialized languages;
5. Nothing happens as exactly as planned;
6. Let's work hard,